



## Intercept Pharmaceuticals Reports Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2018 Financial Results, Issues 2019 Financial Guidance and Provides Business Update

February 28, 2019

*Positive topline results from pivotal Phase 3 REGENERATE study of obeticholic acid in patients with liver fibrosis due to NASH: the largest and first successful pivotal Phase 3 NASH study*

*Worldwide Ocaliva net sales of \$52.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2018 and \$177.8 million in the full year 2018, consistent with previously issued guidance*

*Strong year-end cash position of approximately \$436.2 million*

*2019 worldwide Ocaliva net sales projected between \$225 million and \$240 million and 2019 non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses projected between \$450 million and \$470 million*

*Conference call scheduled for 8:30 a.m. ET today*

NEW YORK, Feb. 28, 2019 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) -- Intercept Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (Nasdaq: ICPT), a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development and commercialization of novel therapeutics to treat progressive non-viral liver diseases, today announced its financial results for the fourth quarter and full year ended December 31, 2018.

"This past year was a great year of execution against our key strategic priorities in our Phase 3 NASH program and our PBC commercial efforts," said Mark Pruzanski, M.D., President and Chief Executive Officer of Intercept. "We were thrilled to recently report positive topline data from our pivotal Phase 3 REGENERATE study, with OCA clearly meeting the study's primary objective by demonstrating its anti-fibrotic benefit in patients with NASH, truly a first in the field. We intend to file for regulatory approval in the U.S. and Europe in the second half of this year and believe that the REGENERATE results support our long-held conviction that OCA will become the first approved medicine and backbone therapy for those living with liver fibrosis due to NASH. This underscores our ongoing commitment to drive scientific innovation to address the unmet medical needs of patients with progressive non-viral liver diseases, both large and small."

### **Ocaliva® (obeticholic acid or OCA) Commercial Highlights**

We recognized \$52.9 million of Ocaliva net sales in the fourth quarter of 2018, as compared to \$37.3 million in the prior year quarter. Ocaliva net sales in the fourth quarter of 2018 were comprised of U.S. net sales of \$41.1 million and ex-U.S. net sales of \$11.8 million, as compared to U.S. net sales of \$32.0 million and ex-U.S. net sales of \$5.3 million in the prior year quarter.

Full year 2018 Ocaliva net sales were \$177.8 million, as compared to \$129.2 million in 2017. Ocaliva net sales in 2018 were comprised of U.S. net sales of \$140.8 million and ex-U.S. net sales of \$37.0 million, as compared to U.S. net sales of \$115.8 million and ex-U.S. net sales of \$13.4 million in 2017.

Ocaliva was approved in the United States by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") in May 2016 for the treatment of primary biliary cholangitis ("PBC") in combination with ursodeoxycholic acid ("UDCA") in adults with an inadequate response to UDCA or as monotherapy in adults unable to tolerate UDCA. We commenced sales and marketing of Ocaliva in the United States shortly after receiving marketing approval, and Ocaliva is now available to patients primarily through a network of specialty pharmacy distributors.

Ocaliva was granted conditional approval by the European Commission in December 2016 for the treatment of PBC in combination with UDCA in adults with an inadequate response to UDCA or as monotherapy in adults unable to tolerate UDCA, and we commenced our European commercial launch in January 2017. Since January 2017, Ocaliva has also received regulatory approval in several of our target markets outside the United States and Europe, including Canada, Israel and Australia.

### **Selected Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2018 Financial Results**

#### **Revenues**

We recognized \$53.3 million in total revenue in the fourth quarter of 2018, as compared to \$37.7 million in total revenue in the prior year quarter. Total revenue in the fourth quarter of 2018 included \$52.9 million of Ocaliva net sales and approximately \$0.4 million of licensing revenue, as compared to \$37.3 million and approximately \$0.4 million, respectively, in the prior year quarter.

We recognized \$179.8 million in total revenue in 2018, as compared to \$131.0 million in 2017. Total revenue in 2018 included \$177.8 million of Ocaliva net sales and approximately \$2.0 million of licensing revenue, as compared to \$129.2 million and approximately \$1.8 million, respectively, in 2017. Included in total revenue in 2017 was \$4.1 million of previously deferred revenue recognized in connection with our adoption of a sell-in basis revenue recognition policy in 2017.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Our cost of sales was \$1.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2018, as compared to \$0.8 million in the prior year quarter. Cost of sales was \$2.5 million in 2018, as compared to \$1.4 million in 2017. Our cost of sales for the quarters and years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 consisted primarily of packaging and labeling expenses.

Our selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to \$71.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2018, down from \$84.3 million in the prior year

quarter. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to \$255.5 million in 2018, down from \$273.7 million in 2017. The fourth quarter and full year period-over-period decreases were both primarily driven by a lease termination fee and restructuring-related charges incurred in December 2017.

Our research and development expenses increased to \$63.3 million in the fourth quarter of 2018, up from \$57.5 million in the prior year quarter. Research and development expenses increased to \$207.3 million in 2018, up from \$191.5 million in 2017. The fourth quarter and full year period-over-period increases were both primarily driven by a \$9.0 million payment made in December 2018 in connection with our acquisition from Aralez Pharmaceuticals Canada Inc. of its license to develop and commercialize bezafibrate in the United States.

In the quarters ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we recorded \$135.3 million and \$142.7 million, respectively, in total operating expenses and \$122.7 million and \$125.9 million, respectively, in non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses, which excludes non-cash stock-based compensation expense of \$11.5 million and \$15.4 million, respectively, and depreciation expense of \$1.0 million and \$1.3 million, respectively.

In the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, we recorded \$465.3 million and \$466.6 million, respectively, in total operating expenses and \$410.8 million and \$405.0 million, respectively, in non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses, which excludes non-cash stock-based compensation expense of \$49.9 million and \$57.0 million, respectively, and depreciation expense of \$4.6 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.

References in this press release to “non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses” mean our total operating expenses, as calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“GAAP”), adjusted for the effects of two non-cash items: stock-based compensation and depreciation. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” below. A reconciliation of non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses to total operating expenses for all historical periods presented is included below under the heading “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Adjusted Operating Expenses to Total Operating Expenses”.

#### *Interest Expense*

Interest expense in the quarters ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$7.8 million and \$7.4 million, respectively. Interest expense in the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 was \$30.5 million and \$29.3 million, respectively. Our interest expense is related to the \$460.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023 (the “Convertible Notes”) that we issued in July 2016.

#### *Net Loss*

In the fourth quarter and full year 2018, we reported a net loss of \$88.0 million and \$309.2 million, respectively, down from a net loss of \$111.3 million and \$360.4 million in the fourth quarter and full year 2017.

#### **Cash Position**

As of December 31, 2018, we had cash, cash equivalents and investment securities available for sale of approximately \$436.2 million. As of December 31, 2017, we had cash, cash equivalents and investment securities available for sale of approximately \$414.9 million.

#### **2019 Financial Guidance**

We are announcing our 2019 Ocaliva net sales guidance range of between \$225 million and \$240 million. In addition, we are announcing our 2019 non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses guidance range of between \$450 million and \$470 million, which includes expected resources to support our NASH filing and launch preparation activities. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” below. A quantitative reconciliation of projected non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses to total operating expenses is not available without unreasonable effort primarily due to our inability to predict with reasonable certainty the amount of future stock-based compensation expense.

#### **Conference Call on February 28, 2019 at 8:30 a.m. ET**

We are hosting our fourth quarter and full year 2018 financial results conference call and webcast on Thursday, February 28, 2019 at 8:30 a.m. ET. The conference call will be available on the investor page of our website at <http://ir.interceptpharma.com> or by calling (855) 232-3919 (toll-free domestic) or (315) 625-6894 (international) five minutes prior to the start time (no passcode is required). A replay of the call will be available on our website shortly following the completion of the call and will be available for two weeks.

#### **About Intercept**

Intercept is a biopharmaceutical company focused on the development and commercialization of novel therapeutics to treat progressive non-viral liver diseases, including primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) and nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH). Founded in 2002 in New York, Intercept has operations in the United States, Europe and Canada.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

This press release presents non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses on a historical and projected basis. For the periods presented, non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses exclude from total operating expenses, as calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, the effects of two non-cash items: stock-based compensation and depreciation. Non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses is a financial measure that has not been prepared in accordance with GAAP. Accordingly, investors should consider non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses in addition to, but not as a substitute for, total operating expenses that we calculate and present in accordance with GAAP. Among other things, our management uses non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses to establish budgets and operational goals and to manage our business. Other companies may define or use this measure in different ways. We believe that the presentation of non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses provides investors and management with helpful supplemental information relating to operating performance and trends. A table reconciling non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses to total operating expenses for all historical periods presented is included below under the heading “Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Adjusted Operating Expenses to Total Operating Expenses”. A quantitative reconciliation of projected non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses to total operating expenses is not available without unreasonable effort primarily due to our inability to predict with reasonable certainty the amount of future stock-based compensation expense.

#### **About Ocaliva® (obeticholic acid)**

Ocaliva is indicated in the United States for the treatment of primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) in combination with ursodeoxycholic acid (UDCA) in adults with an inadequate response to UDCA, or as monotherapy in adults unable to tolerate UDCA.

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on a reduction in alkaline phosphatase (ALP) as a surrogate endpoint which is reasonably likely to predict clinical benefit, including an improvement in liver transplant free-survival. An improvement in survival or disease-related symptoms has not been established. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in confirmatory trials. We are conducting a Phase 4 clinical outcomes trial, which we refer to as our COBALT trial, of OCA in patients with PBC with the goal of confirming clinical benefit on a post-marketing basis.

In December 2016, Ocaliva received conditional marketing authorization in Europe for the treatment of PBC in combination with UDCA in adults with an inadequate response to UDCA or as monotherapy in adults unable to tolerate UDCA, conditioned upon us providing further data post-approval to confirm benefit. For detailed safety information for Ocaliva 5 mg and 10 mg tablets including posology and method of administration, special warnings, drug interactions and adverse drug reactions, please see the European Summary of Product Characteristics that can be found on [www.ema.europa.eu](http://www.ema.europa.eu).

## **U.S. IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

### **WARNING: HEPATIC DECOMPENSATION AND FAILURE IN INCORRECTLY DOSED PBC PATIENTS WITH CHILD-PUGH CLASS B OR C OR DECOMPENSATED CIRRHOSIS**

- **In postmarketing reports, hepatic decompensation and failure, in some cases fatal, have been reported in patients with Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC) with decompensated cirrhosis or Child-Pugh Class B or C hepatic impairment when OCALIVA was dosed more frequently than recommended.**
- **The recommended starting dosage of OCALIVA is 5 mg once weekly for patients with Child-Pugh Class B or C hepatic impairment or a prior decompensation event.**

#### **Contraindications**

OCALIVA is contraindicated in patients with complete biliary obstruction.

#### **Warnings and Precautions**

##### ***Hepatic Decompensation and Failure in Incorrectly-Dosed PBC Patients with Child-Pugh Class B or C or Decompensated Cirrhosis***

In postmarketing reports, hepatic decompensation and failure, in some cases fatal, have been reported in patients with decompensated cirrhosis or Child-Pugh B or C hepatic impairment when OCALIVA was dosed more frequently than the recommended starting dosage of 5 mg once weekly. Reported cases typically occurred within 2 to 5 weeks after starting OCALIVA and were characterized by an acute increase in total bilirubin and/or ALP concentrations in association with clinical signs and symptoms of hepatic decompensation (e.g., ascites, jaundice, gastrointestinal bleeding, worsening of hepatic encephalopathy).

Routinely monitor patients for progression of PBC disease, including liver-related complications, with laboratory and clinical assessments. Dosage adjustment, interruption or discontinuation may be required. Close monitoring is recommended for patients at an increased risk of hepatic decompensation. Severe intercurrent illnesses that may worsen renal function or cause dehydration (e.g., gastroenteritis), may exacerbate the risk of hepatic decompensation. Interrupt treatment with OCALIVA in patients with laboratory or clinical evidence of worsening liver function indicating risk of decompensation, and monitor the patient's liver function. Consider discontinuing OCALIVA in patients who have experienced clinically significant liver-related adverse reactions. Discontinue OCALIVA in patients who develop complete biliary obstruction.

##### ***Liver-Related Adverse Reactions***

Dose-related, liver-related adverse reactions including jaundice, worsening ascites and primary biliary cholangitis flare have been observed in clinical trials, as early as one month after starting treatment with OCALIVA 10 mg once daily up to 50 mg once daily (up to 5-times the highest recommended dosage). Monitor patients during treatment with OCALIVA for elevations in liver biochemical tests and for the development of liver-related adverse reactions.

##### ***Severe Pruritus***

Severe pruritus was reported in 23% of patients in the OCALIVA 10 mg arm, 19% of patients in the OCALIVA titration arm, and 7% of patients in the placebo arm in a 12-month double-blind randomized controlled trial of 216 patients. Severe pruritus was defined as intense or widespread itching, interfering with activities of daily living, or causing severe sleep disturbance, or intolerable discomfort, and typically requiring medical interventions. Consider clinical evaluation of patients with new onset or worsening severe pruritus. Management strategies include the addition of bile acid resins or antihistamines, OCALIVA dosage reduction, and/or temporary interruption of OCALIVA dosing.

##### ***Reduction in HDL-C***

Patients with PBC generally exhibit hyperlipidemia characterized by a significant elevation in total cholesterol primarily due to increased levels of high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol (HDL-C). Dose-dependent reductions from baseline in mean HDL-C levels were observed at 2 weeks in OCALIVA-treated patients, 20% and 9% in the 10 mg and titration arms, respectively, compared to 2% in the placebo arm. Monitor patients for changes in serum lipid levels during treatment. For patients who do not respond to OCALIVA after 1 year at the highest recommended dosage that can be tolerated (maximum of 10 mg once daily), and who experience a reduction in HDL-C, weigh the potential risks against the benefits of continuing treatment.

##### ***Adverse Reactions***

The most common adverse reactions from subjects taking OCALIVA were pruritus, fatigue, abdominal pain and discomfort, rash, oropharyngeal pain, dizziness, constipation, arthralgia, thyroid function abnormality, and eczema.

## **Drug Interactions**

### ***Bile Acid Binding Resins***

Bile acid binding resins such as cholestyramine, colestipol, or colesevelam adsorb and reduce bile acid absorption and may reduce the absorption, systemic exposure, and efficacy of OCALIVA. If taking a bile acid binding resin, take OCALIVA at least 4 hours before or 4 hours after taking the bile acid binding resin, or at as great an interval as possible.

### ***Warfarin***

The International Normalized Ratio (INR) decreased following coadministration of warfarin and OCALIVA. Monitor INR and adjust the dose of warfarin, as needed, to maintain the target INR range when coadministering OCALIVA and warfarin.

### ***CYP1A2 Substrates with Narrow Therapeutic Index***

Obeticholic acid, the active ingredient in OCALIVA, may increase the exposure to concomitant drugs that are CYP1A2 substrates. Therapeutic monitoring of CYP1A2 substrates with a narrow therapeutic index (e.g. theophylline and tizanidine) is recommended when coadministered with OCALIVA.

### ***Inhibitors of Bile Salt Efflux Pump***

Avoid concomitant use of inhibitors of the bile salt efflux pump (BSEP) such as cyclosporine. Concomitant medications that inhibit canalicular membrane bile acid transporters such as the BSEP may exacerbate accumulation of conjugated bile salts including taurine conjugate of obeticholic acid in the liver and result in clinical symptoms. If concomitant use is deemed necessary, monitor serum transaminases and bilirubin.

Please see [Full Prescribing Information, including Boxed WARNING](#) and [Medication Guide](#) for OCALIVA.

**To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Intercept Pharmaceuticals, Inc. at 1-844-782-ICPT or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch).**

## **Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This press release contains forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, statements regarding the progress, timing and results of our clinical trials, including our clinical trials for the treatment of nonalcoholic steatohepatitis ("NASH"), the safety and efficacy of our approved product, Ocaliva (obeticholic acid or "OCA") for primary biliary cholangitis ("PBC"), and our product development candidates, including OCA for NASH, the timing and acceptance of our potential regulatory filings and potential approval of OCA for NASH or any other indications in addition to PBC, the timing and potential commercial success of OCA and any other product candidates we may develop and our strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenue, projected costs, financial guidance, prospects, plans, objectives of management and expected market growth.

These statements constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "predict," "project," "target," "potential," "will," "would," "could," "should," "possible," "continue" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this release, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement except as required by law. These forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions by our management that, although believed to be reasonable, are inherently uncertain and subject to a number of risks. The following represent some, but not necessarily all, of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated or predicted by our forward-looking statements: our ability to successfully commercialize Ocaliva for PBC; our ability to maintain our regulatory approval of Ocaliva for PBC in the United States, Europe, Canada, Israel, Australia and other jurisdictions in which we have or may receive marketing authorization; the initiation, timing, cost, conduct, progress and results of our research and development activities, preclinical studies and clinical trials, including any issues, delays or failures in identifying patients, enrolling patients, treating patients, meeting specific endpoints in the jurisdictions in which we intend to seek approval or completing and timely reporting the results of our NASH or PBC clinical trials; our ability to timely and cost-effectively file for and obtain regulatory approval of our product candidates, including OCA for NASH, in the United States, Europe and our other target markets; conditions that may be imposed by regulatory authorities on our marketing approvals for our products and product candidates, such as the need for clinical outcomes data (and not just results based on achievement of a surrogate endpoint), and any related restrictions, limitations and/or warnings contained in the label of any of our products or product candidates; any potential side effects associated with Ocaliva for PBC, OCA for NASH or our other product candidates that could delay or prevent approval, require that an approved product be taken off the market, require the inclusion of safety warnings or precautions or otherwise limit the sale of such product or product candidate; our ability to establish and maintain relationships with, and the performance of, third-party manufacturers, contract research organizations and other vendors upon whom we are substantially dependent for, among other things, the manufacture and supply of our products, including Ocaliva for PBC and, if approved, OCA for NASH, and our clinical trial activities; our ability to identify, develop and successfully commercialize our products and product candidates, including our ability to timely and successfully launch OCA for NASH, if approved; our ability to obtain and maintain intellectual property protection for our products and product candidates, including our ability to cost-effectively file, prosecute, defend and enforce any patent claims or other intellectual property rights; the size and growth of the markets for our products and product candidates and our ability to serve those markets; the degree of market acceptance of Ocaliva for PBC and, if approved, OCA for NASH or our other product candidates among physicians, patients and healthcare payors; the availability of adequate coverage and reimbursement from governmental and private healthcare payors for our products, including Ocaliva for PBC and, if approved, OCA for NASH, and our ability to obtain adequate pricing for such products; our ability to establish and maintain effective sales, marketing and distribution capabilities, either directly or through collaborations with third parties; competition from existing drugs or new drugs that become available; our ability to prevent system failures, data breaches or violations of data protection laws; costs and outcomes relating to any disputes, governmental inquiries or investigations, legal proceedings or litigation, including any securities, intellectual property, employment, product liability or other litigation; our collaborators' election to pursue research, development and commercialization activities; our ability to establish and maintain relationships with collaborators with development, regulatory and commercialization expertise; our need for and ability to generate or obtain additional financing; our estimates regarding future expenses, revenues and capital requirements and the accuracy thereof; our use of cash and short-term investments; our ability to acquire, license and invest in businesses, technologies, product candidates and products; our ability to attract and retain key personnel to manage our business effectively; our ability to manage the growth of our operations, infrastructure, personnel, systems and controls; our ability to obtain and

maintain adequate insurance coverage; the impact of general U.S. and foreign economic, industry, market, regulatory or political conditions, including the potential impact of Brexit; and the other risks and uncertainties identified in our periodic filings filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

## Contact

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## Intercept Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Year Ended December 31,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue:				
Product revenue, net	\$ 52,874	\$ 37,242	\$ 177,782	\$ 129,175
Licensing revenue	406	445	2,022	1,781
Total revenue	53,280	37,687	179,804	130,956
Operating expenses:				
Cost of sales	1,007	823	2,519	1,371
Selling, general and administrative	70,971	84,335	255,474	273,698
Research and development	63,273	57,498	207,301	191,499
Total operating expenses	135,251	142,656	465,294	466,568
Operating loss	(81,971)	(104,969)	(285,490)	(335,612)
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(7,754)	(7,431)	(30,523)	(29,271)
Other income, net	1,720	1,128	6,771	4,516
	(6,034)	(6,303)	(23,752)	(24,755)
Net loss	\$ (88,005)	\$ (111,272)	\$ (309,242)	\$ (360,367)
Net loss per common and potential common share:				
Basic and diluted	\$ (2.97)	\$ (4.43)	\$ (10.86)	\$ (14.38)
Weighted average common and potential common shares outstanding:				
Basic and diluted	29,674	25,146	28,464	25,054

## Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Information (In thousands)

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Cash, cash equivalents and investment securities	\$ 436,160	\$ 414,917
Total assets	\$ 509,167	\$ 484,347
Deferred revenue, total	\$ 2,432	\$ 4,454
Total liabilities (1)	\$ 490,037	\$ 467,961
Stockholders' equity	\$ 19,130	\$ 16,386

Includes \$371.2 million and \$355.7 million related to the Convertible Notes as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Intercept (1) separately accounts for the debt and equity components of the Convertible Notes. The aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Notes was \$460.0 million as of December 31, 2018 and 2017.

**Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Adjusted Operating Expenses to Total Operating Expenses**

*(Unaudited)*

*(In thousands)*

	<b>Three Months Ended December 31,</b>		<b>Year Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>
Total operating expenses	\$ 135,251	\$ 142,656	\$ 465,294	\$ 466,568
Adjustments:				
Stock-based compensation	11,499	15,384	49,914	56,968
Depreciation	1,031	1,345	4,582	4,601
Non-GAAP adjusted operating expenses	\$ 122,721	\$ 125,927	\$ 410,798	\$ 404,999



Source: Intercept Pharmaceuticals, Inc.